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Fifth Avenue hotel news stand.
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Great Northern hotel, Auditorium annex, McDonald & Co., 55 Washington street.

10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., March 8, 1894.

The Exposition.

The time has arrived when we must know whether or not we are to have the exposition on the broad plans proposed for it.

We thought this question had been settled in the affirmative weeks ago, but it has been literally hanging by a thread for nearly two weeks, and today it seems that the question is no nearer solution than it was this time two weeks ago. During this period not a dollar has been subscribed, notwithstanding the fact that nearly \$65,000 had been received in voluntary subscriptions before the movement was brought to such a sudden pause.

We blame no one. It is not a time to place responsibility, but it is necessary for Atlanta to get together and settle this very important question.

It is best, however, to talk plainly and to let it be understood that to continue any longer the present state of indefinite suspension is to practically abandon all hope of the exposition, and to invite the ridicule of the outside world at Atlanta's failure. If division continues over the simple matter of location, it will destroy all the good effects of the exposition, even if in the end we get it.

Continued division will but demonstrate the city's weakness by exhibiting such childish evidences of internal dissension.

We have no arguments to make, and no persuasion to offer about this location or that location. But we do say dissension must come to an end at once, and that the matter must be settled at today's meeting.

So far as The Constitution is concerned, we propose to get down to other business, if the matter is not settled at once. We have published hundreds of columns about the exposition, and have assisted, to the full extent of our ability, in advertising and emphasizing the great prominence that it has given Atlanta throughout the country. Throughout the western hemisphere the matter has been discussed, and Atlanta's pluck and enterprise has been commended. Every day's delay serves now but to embarrass the movement, and rather than have it choked to death by slow degrees, it is better that a definite settlement, one way or the other, be reached at once.

We had earnestly hoped to have the exposition movement backed by united Atlanta. If by petty dissension and unprejudiced stubbornness the movement fails, it will be through no fault of ours. If the people of Atlanta want a village, they can get it by working to that end, and The Constitution can stand it if others can.

Many of Atlanta's most prominent, liberal and enterprising citizens stand ready to go down into their pockets and back this great Atlanta enterprise with their money, and what is infinitely more valuable, they propose to give it their undivided attention and support until it has accomplished its commendable purpose in the development of Atlanta. They have considered every movement, step by step, and have manifested their liberal spirit in every way possible.

It is not the time now to talk about blaming any one for the failure of the movement, for the movement has not yet failed. Nor must it do so. But the matter must be settled definitely today, one way or another, and if after this, failure is the result, and Atlanta stands disgraced and dishonored before the world, there will be no trouble about placing the blame where it properly belongs. Who is willing to bear that shame!

"Why Attack the Administration?"

The patronage organs which have characterized the efforts of The Constitution for the redemption of every pledge of the democratic platform as "an attack on the administration" are just at the present time engaged in a more vicious attack on a part of the administration than even the most serious they have charged against The Constitution.

The difference between The Constitution and the patronage press is that this paper has had the manhood to stand on the democratic platform, and contend, day in and day out, for the recognition and redemption of every pledge. It has made an uncompromising fight for party honesty, while the patronage press has endorsed just so much of the democratic platform as happened to suit its purpose,

and has swallowed republican doctrines and republican appointments as choice morsels. Heretofore whenever we have entered a protest against any policy adopted by the administration, whether it be mugwump, republican or what not, the patronage holders have thrown their mouths wide open, and yelled "attacking the administration!"

Congress is a component part of the administration, and the senate is a component part of congress. And yet we find one of the loudest shriekers of the patronage gang, notifying the people through its Washington correspondent yesterday that "it is hard to tell whether simplicity or cupidity is the actuating motive on the democratic side of the senate," and then this essential and highly important part of the administration is attacked as follows:

If the democratic senators are trying to wreck their party and to so long delay tariff reform that its fruits cannot be tested, they are moving in the right direction. It is certain that nearly every member of the finance committee is regarded with suspicion. The delay in reporting the bill has almost been criminal, especially in view of the fact that every rumor which comes from the committee room affects the stock market and several members of the committee are large speculators. It will be difficult for some senators to come out of this tariff business with reputations for honesty.

We protest against this "attack on the administration" from those who have done nothing else for the past six months but condemn The Constitution and other papers for demanding the redemption of every pledge of the democratic platform, charging against it, and the great number of democratic papers who agree with it, an "attack on the administration."

We do not remember ever having gone as far in attacking any branch of the administration as to make the direct charge of "simplicity and cupidity," but going further than that the aforesaid critic of The Constitution actually insinuates that "the democratic senators are trying to wreck their party."

Away with such insinuations! To say the least of it, it does not seem graceful for a newspaper representative of a member of the cabinet to make such a serious charge against a co-ordinate branch of the administration. Nor would it look so bad if the same influence had not been directed to the establishment of the single gold standard, while it remains perfectly silent at the apparent side tracking of the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state banks, and other essential features of the platform of the party. Let us have no more such "attacks on the administration."

A Startling Report.

The report of Special Examiner Chalmers, of the department of justice, which, by the way, was published exclusively by The Constitution, has created a sensation.

In this report Mr. Chalmers makes it plain that some of the federal officials in Alabama have prostituted their positions, and have oppressed the people, imprisoning hundreds of innocent men, and manufacturing fraudulent fee and expense accounts to the extent of at least \$50,000 a year. Names have been forged in expense accounts and money has been poured out like water to pay bogus witness fees. But this is not all. The special examiner intimates that similar outrages are probably occurring in every state in the union.

Mr. Chalmers recommends a change in the mode of appointing United States commissioners. He would have them appointed by the president, and suggests that they should be lawyers of good standing. The fee system should be abolished and the officials should be paid fixed salaries. A further investigation is recommended with a view to punishing the persons who have been guilty of these frauds and acts of oppression.

The department of justice is moving in the right direction, but it would be well to have a special congressional committee look into the matter and go to the bottom of it. The methods of the federal commissioners and deputy marshals should be investigated in every state, and no guilty man should be allowed to escape.

It is safe to say that much of this alleged corruption and oppression is due to republican administration and to the nature of our internal revenue laws. These odious statutes are detested by the people, and just judges have frequently condemned them. Our internal revenue system keeps some localities practically in a state of civil war all the year round. Frequently their enforcement is left to unscrupulous men, and rapine, bloodshed, perjury and the spoliation and imprisonment of the innocent have been among the results.

We cannot hope for an immediate and sweeping reform, but if congress will take up the report of Mr. Chalmers and act upon it many abuses will doubtless be corrected, and the federal crusade of robbery and violence in many states will be stopped. Something should be done without delay.

Human Nature in New Jersey.

When the good people of Franklin Park, N. J., discovered the other morning that during the night two negroes had murdered Mrs. Baker and her infant while asleep their indignation was unbounded. It was some consolation to know that Mr. Baker had killed the two assassins, but the Franklin Park people felt that something more was needed. One law abiding citizen offered to be one of a half dozen men to hang the father of one of the negroes, but he was persuaded to give up his design. The citizens generally declare that they would have lynched the murderers if Baker had not killed them. Some say that they would have flayed them alive and others say that they would have burned them.

The people of this New Jersey village have heretofore condemned southerners for occasionally lynching negro rapists and murderers. But as soon as the provocation came home to them they were transformed into the open advocates of lynch law. As we have had occasion to remark before, human nature is very much the same everywhere. There are

certain horrible crimes that would cause lynchings and perhaps burning at the stake in even the most peaceful New England village.

Go Slow, Colonel!

The friends of Colonel Atkinson must regret the tenor of his recent speech at Jesup.

It is reported that the colonel had a good deal to say about his services in the legislature, and as chairman of the state democratic executive committee. He claimed that he had done more for the relief of the people of Georgia in political matters than General Evans, but admitted that the general had done much towards preparing them for the world to come. He thought that if they were to be rewarded for what they had done, the general should have his reward in the hereafter, while Mr. Atkinson would take his now and let the hereafter take care of itself.

Possibly this sort of talk amuses the thoughtless, but it will not win votes for Colonel Atkinson. The speaker might at least give the Georgia legislature some slight degree of credit for the measures that have received the approval of that body. Certainly, he does not propose to let the conclusion be drawn that he stood in the capitol single handed, and originated and passed the great body of all recent legislation. The colonel should recognize his brother legislators, and give them their due.

His light way of treating the ministerial work of a servant of Christ is calculated to shock serious people, and the touch of ridicule given to the solemn subject of a hereafter is anything but pleasing.

The people of Georgia do not like this style of campaigning. Self-praise and boasting never attract or win. A modest man like General Evans who has nothing to say about his splendid services in the field makes a far more favorable impression than a man who claims the lion's share of credit for everything, and minimizes the work of his associates. Our people are well satisfied that General Evans has done something to help them in the present, as well as in the hereafter. But for such men, heroes in war, and wise, patient and unselfish in peace, Georgia would not stand where she does today.

Colonel Atkinson should tone down a little, and prune his extravagant rhetoric. He need not overwork his political record. The people will measure him with his own opponent, and they will form their own opinions. Above all, let us have no more of this light chaff about the spiritual work of earnest Christians who devote their lives to the service of God and their fellow men. If Colonel Atkinson thinks only of the present, we cannot help it, but the majority of our readers take a more serious view of life and its responsibilities. Go slow, colonel!

Justice to Macon Democracy.

We protest against the effort of The Macon Telegraph, and the other papers which, naturally, from patronage influences are unwilling to do old-fashioned democratic justice, to seek to make it appear that the distinguished democratic members of the Macon bar approve of the appointment of such eminent republicans as Gresham, MacVeagh, ex-President Harrison's brother, and innumerable others, to high positions under a democratic administration.

And yet, by inference, the leading men who took part in last Saturday's rock-ribbed democratic meeting in Macon, are unjustly put in the category of endorsing the appointment of republicans to office. In other words The Telegraph takes the position that the Macon democrats simply protested against the appointment of a Macon republican to office, and that the Macon meeting was entirely serene and non-committal as to the appointment of distinguished republicans from other parts of the country. Of course The Telegraph is more than pleased to take this position, since it naturally does not wish to admit that a local protest has been filed against its constant readiness to endorse and approve mugwump and republican appointments. Yet we insist upon the fact that the democrats of Macon are overwhelmingly with The Constitution, and that their admiration of our determined stand against the appointment of republicans and mugwumps to office, under a democratic administration, is largely responsible for the doubling of The Constitution's circulation in Macon during the past year. The truth of the matter is, there are about as many Constitutions—perhaps more—read in Macon now as there are Telegraphs.

The Telegraph says that "Saturday night's meeting did not pass judgment on the question, and did not have it under consideration," referring to the appointment of Gresham, MacVeagh and other such instances. Yet The Telegraph says:

There was expression of opinion, of course, that republicans should not be appointed to office by a democratic administration, and this expression came as freely from those opposed to any action by the meeting as from the advocates of an extreme course. That is democratic opinion and its expression was natural under the circumstances.

This is just what The Constitution has been arguing all along, and The Telegraph has come just exactly to our position. In order that there may be no possible doubt as to the tone of the remarks of the Macon meeting, we quote again from the proceedings as reported in The Telegraph, as follows:

Hon. Minter Wimberly, ex-president of the Young Men's Democratic League, of Bibb county, protested in his speech against "the appointment of republicans anywhere in the south."

Hon. Washington Dessau wanted to know "if the appointment of republicans in this community, under a democratic administration, should pass unchallenged and unnoticed by the democrats of Bibb county."

Hon. DuPont Querry expressed the belief that "the democratic administration ought to appoint democrats to office, and democrats only."

Hon. Joseph H. Hall declared that "if

we did not protest against these things (the appointment of republicans, and a Macon republican in particular) we would not deserve to be called democrats."

In his concluding address that sterling and rock-ribbed young democrat, Hon. Washington Dessau, said:

I want to know and want to ask my fellow democrats, should we further submit without protest to having democratic patronage taken from us here? (Loud and continuous applause and many voices of "No! No! No!")

Mr. Chairman, there is still in office a republican postmaster here whose term expired two months ago, and when there has not yet been a public protest made against that, are we going to be still and see all these things taken away from us without even a protest? Now, tell me, democrats, I ask you to answer me? (Many voices of "No! No! No!")

All this goes to show that The Constitution does not misrepresent the democratic sentiment of Macon when it declares it to be overwhelmingly against the appointment of republicans to office, whether they come from Macon or from any other part of the United States.

We insist that the Macon democracy shall not be misrepresented, and we do not propose to pass unnoticed such attacks as are made on it by The Telegraph as long as we have as large a circulation in Macon as that paper.

The Macon Evening News correctly summarizes the situation and does justice to the copper-bottomed democracy of Macon in the following editorial statement:

The tone of the meeting throughout was against bestowing democratic patronage upon republicans.

But the fact remains, nevertheless, that the democrats of Bibb county have entered their emphatic protest against the bestowal of democratic patronage upon republicans. It may appear to be a tempest in a teapot to some, but to others it seems very significant, especially in view of some appointments of this character that have proven distasteful to the rank and file of the democratic party of late.

Act Promptly.

There is not the slightest reason why the seigniorage bill should delay the tariff measure in the senate, nor is there the slightest reason why the seigniorage bill itself should be delayed.

The subject with which it deals has been gone over time and again, and to attempt to debate it now would be to give the senate over to a season of emptiness.

There is no reason why the two measures should run foul of each other. Let the senate, some bright morning, while the democrats of the finance committee are dealing with the agents of the sugar trust and the eastern protectionists, dispose of the seigniorage bill by passing it. It is a democratic measure framed in the interests of the people, and the democrats in the senate ought to vote solidly in favor of it.

We understand very well why it is to the interest of the agents of the sugar trust and the protected interests to antagonize the Wilson bill—or what is left of it—with the seigniorage measure, but this is precisely what the democrats ought to avoid.

Pass the seigniorage bill while the finance committee is doctoring the tariff bill, and then rush the latter through!

A Queer Announcement.

The announcement of the democratic congressional campaign committee that the tariff is to be the issue in the approaching campaign is a startling piece of information.

The tariff was the issue in the last campaign. The democrats clearly set forth in their declaration of principles the purposes which they had in view with respect to tariff reform. There was no evasion, no straddling, no temporizing. The purposes of the party were plainly stated. Some of the professional politicians and trimmers made wry faces over the tariff plank, but with that plank as one of the issues, the party went before the people, and the people endorsed its position by an overwhelming majority.

Thus it was that the democrats were given a clear commission by the people to frame a tariff for revenue only, to substitute bimetallicism for the Sherman purchase act, and to carry out their pledges and their policy to the fullest extent.

Why, then, from a democratic point of view, should the party undertake to make the tariff an issue in the approaching campaign? It was an issue in the last campaign, and if ever the people settled any issue by their votes they certainly settled that. They endorsed the platform, they selected a democratic congress and a democratic administration to carry out the reforms promised, and that was as far as they could go. But, so far as the people are concerned, the tariff issue was settled when they placed the democratic party in power with the understanding that the McKinley law was to be wiped out and a tariff for revenue substituted.

In view of all these facts and circumstances the announcement of the democratic congressional campaign committee that the tariff is to be the issue in the approaching campaign is more than interesting. It is absolutely startling. It is difficult to say whether the campaign committee regards the people as a vast aggregation of dunces, or whether the announcement is in the nature of a joke.

We can understand very well how the republicans might be anxious to make an issue of the tariff for the purpose of overthrowing democratic legislation, but it is difficult to understand how the democrats, in full control of the government, can undertake to make the tariff an issue in an approaching campaign. The people settled the issue in 1892, and it now remains for the democrats to carry out their tariff policy and pledges. What is to prevent them from doing it? What is standing in the way now? The republicans have no power to defeat tariff reform provided the democrats choose to redeem their pledges.

It is impossible to deceive the people in this matter. There can be no break down in the democratic policy unless democrats themselves connive at it. There would have been no collapse in the democratic financial policy if democrats had not united with the republicans to defeat that policy. Are we to have a repetition of that spectacle with

respect to the tariff question? Let us hope not.

On what ground, then, and with what hope of success, can the democratic congressional campaign committee make the tariff the issue in the approaching campaign? The issue ought to be settled now when the party has complete control of all the branches of government. It ought to be settled now so that the party could go before the people in the approaching campaign and say to them: "We congratulate you! The tariff issue has been settled in accordance with the promises and pledges made to you, and in accordance with your desires. We have lightened your burdens of taxation. We have struck out protection for protection's sake, and hereafter your government will be supported by the revenues derived from customs duties. We have carried out your commands with respect to the tariff and we confidently ask you to endorse what we have done."

That is the only way the democrats can afford to make the tariff an issue. They cannot go before the people with new tariff pledges so long as those already made remain unfulfilled. They cannot go before the people and ask for more time to enable them to carry out their tariff programme, for by the time the fall elections take place, the party will have been in power nearly two years. It has had ample time during the past twelve months to carry out the tariff pledge and relieve the people of the burdens of taxation, but six months of that time were wasted by reason of a refusal to call an extra session, while the other six were wasted in laying siege to the party and compelling the majority in congress to consent to the crime of gold monometallism and in tampering with the trusts and protected interests.

But it is not too late to deal promptly with the tariff issue. The democrats still have time to carry out their policy and redeem their pledges. Nevertheless what is to be done should be done quickly. Not an hour nor a day should be lost. The people are waiting. It is to be hoped they will not have to wait too long.

The people do not want any tariff issue in the next campaign. They want it settled now.

Senator White seems to be taking the cake as a supreme court judge. He remains in the senate instead of taking his seat on the bench in order to protect sugar. What is the country coming to?

"Sugar" seems to be a big thing in politics.

The grass that has been growing under the feet of the democratic party in Washington should be moved down.

The south is not in favor of secession at the west. We need the west in our political business.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

George W. Childs once said to a girl from the west, who was to him with letters and the hope of getting sufficient influence to do something in the arable field of journalism: "Little woman, if you can do something, go ahead and do it. The world is hungry for something new. It is an omnivorous creature, but it wants a change constantly. Keep as quiet as you can. Keep out of men's way as much as you can, for it is trespassing to go on private property. Keep yourself in good health, good spirits and good clothes, and don't try to be a good fellow or one of the boys. Save half of your earnings. Go to church. Be agreeable, but reserved, and if some honorable man offers you his name and his protection give it all up, marry him and devote your energies to home-making. The business world is no place for a woman. It is a rough place, and people have to get rough to succeed in it. I know hundreds of young gentlemen in business, but they always seem to me like going fishing in a dress suit and white gloves. Exquisite fabrics are not intended for rough and ready wear."

Most of the northern papers severely condemn the late General Early for his connection with the Louisiana lottery, but The Philadelphia Record says of him: "It is not necessary to approve of Early to make an effort to understand him. Walter Scott would have delighted in him. He never succumbed to the success of his foes. He wore the gray clothes of his cause until he died, and remained to the last unconquered."

The Richmond Times gives this synopsis of a recent discourse by Rev. Dr. J. C. Hiden, after a careful scrutiny of every one of the recorded utterances of Christ, as given by the evangelists, and after a prolonged study of their biographies of Jesus. Dr. Hiden expressed his conviction that, in regard to the life and the outward life of the Galilean preacher was like the average Jew of his day; that, as a speaker, he was decidedly rhetorical; frequently and profoundly logical; had a splendid imagination; at least as much metaphysics as sensible popular speakers usually have; was full of ideas about time; very frequently expressed mathematical ideas; used twenty-nine 'real adjectives' in a discourse which covers one page; was no recluse, but a genuine reformer; had quite distinct and conscious development of intellect, body and spirit; was often a most puzzling speaker, and consciously and intentionally so; seldom exhausted a subject, but in one of the most profoundly suggestive of speakers, and is absolutely destitute of any trace of irony. In the discourses of Jesus, as reported by Matthew alone, Dr. Hiden has found mathematical expressions and allusions occurring 106 times, and nineteen times on a single page. He finds time mentioned 101 times, and twelve times on one page, while of 'real adjectives' he finds 403, twenty-nine of them on one page."

ABOUT THE GOVERNORSHIP.

The LaGrange Graphic says: "Mr. Atkinson is an excellent gentleman, but General Evans is far and away the most available candidate—because of his ripe experience, his acknowledged ability, his adherence to duty in war and peace, and his knowledge of the needs and wants of the people of this state. It is always bad judgement to oppose so excellent and competent a man as General Evans."

Says The Butler Herald: "As to politics we are democratic to the core, and for General Clement A. Evans until he takes his seat as governor of Georgia."

The Gwinnett Herald says: "General Evans, it is said, will carry every county south of Macon except one or two. The wiregrass boys are not disposed to elbow the old soldier out of the way. Evans, O'Connell and Jackson are safe in the Evans column; Fulton, Rockdale, DeKalb and Newton are solid for the old war hero. Hall, Gwinnett, Forsyth and Milton are regarded as doubtful, but they will fall into line."

The Americus Times-Recorder says: "While it is very evident that General Evans is the choice of the majority it will do for his supporters to be idle. The fight is on and the people must see to it that General Evans is their next governor."

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Take a Day Off.

When you see the hills away off
Lookin' green an' gold an' blue,
It is time to take a day off,
With the daisies an' the dew.

Don't you wish
For a fish,
When the trees are goin' 'swish'
When you hear the birds a-singin'
An' the cattle-bells a-ringin',
An' the honeysuckles swingin'—
Don't you wish?

When March is headin' May off,
With a rumple in his curls,
It is time to take a day off,
Huntin' violets with the girls.

Don't you pine
For the shine
Of the meadows fair an' fine?
For the lillies rill a-doin',
For the woods with blossoms blown,
For the world, with beauty glowin'—
Don't you pine?

—F. L. S.

The average weekly editor is now busy whitewashing the fence and assorting spring poetry for the paper mills.

The fact that one Georgia editor who was refused a free pass over the celebrated line of railway built a railroad of his own, not only argues well for the prosperity of the press in Georgia, but is a warning to all railroad managers to be courteous to editors generally.

Sure of Her Time.

She's fooled us all for many a day,
And we must believe her;
We know that spring has come to stay,
For here's the tax receiver!

Mr. W. C. Haffey, a confederate veteran of Chattanooga, has written and published a very popular song entitled, "Only a Brakeman." He is now in Atlanta, where his music is meeting with great success.

Unfailing Signs.

Now do the fields give promise fair,
And violets scent the sale;
Who shouts the campaign auctioneer:
"Bid lively! Stumps for sale!"

It's The Albany Morning Herald now,
Editor McIntosh is sweeping the field with his bright daily.

Behind on Notes.
Foreman—Lafayette left you a note this morning.
Editor (distractedly)—Can't pay it! Three in the bank and not one cent in the treasury!

There are two lively campaigns in Georgia this year: one is men and offices, and the other, hog and hominy; and it will take the latter to keep the former going.

Wishes.

Boy, with breeches rolled knee-high,
Face o' healthy brown;
"Wish I was a millionaire,
Ridin' 'round the town!"
Millionaire, in carriage fine—
Biggest city ranch:
"Wish I was a barefoot boy
Wadin' in a branch!"

What has become of the bright paragraphs of Lambright, of The Brunswick Times?

The Rome Argus gives evidence of its intention to remain in the land of the living for an indefinite period.

Georgia Scenes.

Now, o'er the brightening country plods
The usual man with lightning rods;
And now the wary farmer looks,
To see the man with clocks and books;
While yet another joins the strife,
And loudly bawls: "Insure your life!"
And last there comes, from Maine to Morgan,
The sad Italian with the organ.

The current issue of The Lithonia News Era is a bright one, locally and otherwise. Editor Steadman is doing tall work these days.

A WOMAN'S BRAVE DEFENSE.

Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick Makes a Timely and Fitting Reply.

The editor of The Rochelle News South, recently took exception to the article of The American Times-Recorder, Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick, concerning the deserving recognition of the sentiment which hovers around the memories of the war, Editor Cain concluding that sentiment has ruled politically long enough.

Mrs. Myrick, who is an enthusiastic supporter of General Evans for governor, replied as follows:
"The associate editor of The Times-Recorder has no issue to make with those who now think 'the old soldier sentiment' should rest in the silent grave where sacred dead are sleeping, but does feel called upon to take issue with Editor Cain when he hints that the 'associate editor' was in the military clothes; perhaps never saw a battalion, and knows nothing of the war between the states, save what is to be read in the spelling book."
"That awful four years was no romance to us, but a stern reality, and there wasn't a happening in Hood's Tennessee campaign that the 'associate editor' isn't familiar with."

"Yes, we have mingled with all sorts and conditions of soldiers; have sat around the banquet boards, with Polk, Johnston, Cheatham, Bragg, Hardee, Ewell, Buckner, and a host of others; have been in ranks of yearning and despair; have seen the fertile fields of Murfreesboro, Franklin, Farmington and a dozen skirmishes in the Cumberland valley; have ministered to the dying as their life blood ebbed out crimson on those desolate battle fields."

"Then, to the hospital wards have gone, caught the last tear and loving whisper from the marble faces of jostling soldiers; and around the home of fever-stricken soldiers have we waited tenderly and untiring, as will a hundred living soldiers throughout the country testify."

"The hardship of camp life had also been shared, for the 'associate editor' was the daughter of the regiment, and her father was a scold of a man of two wars."

"The soldier who fought and spilled his blood in defense of the south can hope for no comforting government pension. Sympathy and gratitude in his declining years must come from patriotic and generous southern hearts, and are bound by the ties of blood and memories ever sacred to the old south which has produced some of the most chivalric spirits that ever left an impression upon a nation's history. Our love for these heroes is no 'sentiment.' It is greater than power, sweeter than life and stronger than death."

TALK OF GEORGIA TOWNS.

The Sandersville Progress says: "There is really no 'hard times' in this county, according to the general acceptance of the term. Every prudent farmer has an abundance of provisions, no one is suffering for the necessities of life and while it is true there is a scarcity of the 'circulating medium' on account of the low price of cotton, which is the money crop, the people are generally better off than ever before."

The Quitman Free Press says: "The people of this county may have less money than ever, or as little as at any time, but it is most gratifying to know that there are more provisions in the county than there have ever been at this season. A successful farmer gives it as his opinion that in that respect the people of the county are better prepared for hard times with provisions than they have been since the war. Gradually the farmers are awakening to the fact that provisions first and cotton secondary is absolutely necessary for the south."</

TODAY MUST DECIDE

The Question of Exposition Site Will Probably Be Settled.

THE COMMITTEES TO GET TOGETHER

Again at 3 O'clock and Will Try to Reach a Conclusion.

THE EXPOSITION BOARD WILL ALSO MEET

And It Is Sincerely Hoped That a Decision on All the Points in Controversy Will Be Reached.

This will be a most important day in the history of the exposition movement.

Two meetings will be held this afternoon that will, in all probability, settle the question of site and all the other points in controversy, and it is believed that the delay that has been so hurtful to the exposition movement will be at an end—that the work of building and pushing this grand movement to success will be resumed.

Yesterday was a day of inaction, or rather a day of lack of accomplishment; for, while President Hemphill and Mayor Goodwin were in conference several times during the day, so far as can be learned there was no agreement reached. During the afternoon Mayor Goodwin extended an invitation to all the members of the committee to visit the life waterworks today, and that visit will be made.

The propositions discussed. The two propositions presented to the meeting of the conference committees Tuesday afternoon were widely discussed about the city yesterday. The merits of each proposition was strongly urged by its advocates and everybody who met talked exposition.

There is unquestionably a very formidable opposition to the issue of bonds idea submitted by Mayor Goodwin, and many people who have advocated the waterworks idea say they would vote against such issue of bonds. This opposition is heard on all sides and is just as pronounced as was the opposition to the first proposition to purchase the Piedmont grounds and convert them into a north side park.

It is a noticeable fact, however, that very many of those who opposed the first proposition—that is the purchase of the park—have come out now in favor of the last plan submitted by President Hemphill as one upon which all interests can unite. Many of the men who have advocated the waterworks as the proper site say that under this last plan proposed by President Hemphill the Piedmont grounds are unquestionably preferable.

One of the men who strongly opposed the purchase of Piedmont park and whose opinions on that point were so strong that he ceased attending meetings of the exposition board, though he had been chosen a member, is Mr. T. B. Neal. Mr. Neal was a prominent figure in the meeting which endorsed the mayor's veto and he expressed his views in no uncertain language.

Mr. T. B. Neal's Views. Yesterday Mr. Neal gave his hearty endorsement of the proposition made by President Hemphill. He said:

"I think that the first proposition submitted by the exposition company was made after due deliberation, and was what they thought the very best for the whole city. I also think Mayor Goodwin's counter proposition is equally sincere, and, as a business proposition, looking to the future benefits to the city, is the better of the two. I recognize that it is impossible to get a united support to either plan. In the proposition recommended by Mr. Hemphill there are modifications and concessions which I think the Goodwin committee should accept at once as final, and give it a unanimous support. I think it one on which every friend of the exposition in this city can unite."

Mr. Neal expressed these sentiments very

freely yesterday, and there were many others who took the same view of the situation.

One of these was Mr. A. D. Adair. Mr. Adair was one of the gentlemen who endorsed Mayor Goodwin's veto and who was strongly against the purchase of the Piedmont grounds.

What Mr. Adair Thinks.

"I am for the proposition wherever it may be held," said Mr. Adair, "but naturally all my personal preferences are for the south side. I was against the proposition which involved the purchase of the Piedmont grounds. Since I have read President Hemphill's last proposition, which eliminates that purchase idea, I do not hesitate to say that in my opinion it should be adopted. It looks to me as the best way by which the city, through its government, can extend the aid to the enterprise that it ought to give. I sincerely hope it will be adopted, and I hope that there will be no further delay. This delay is hurtful. The committees ought to get together on some plan at once, and the plan suggested by President Hemphill seems to me to eliminate all the features that were objectionable in that first proposition."

Mr. Dodd Won't Talk.

Mr. Green Dodd, who is a member of Mayor Goodwin's committee, and who in his speech at Tuesday's meeting endorsed the plan of Mr. Hemphill, refused to talk yesterday when asked for an expression of his views.

"I am a member of the committee," said he, "and I do not think it would be right for me to talk for publication at this time. I will say this, however," he continued, "if that proposition now made by President Hemphill had been the one first made to the council, I would never have gotten up before the council and objected as I did."

Views like these of Mr. Neal and Mr. Adair were very generally expressed yesterday.

"I have just come from a meeting of business men," said Mr. Adair, "and seven of the nine present thought the Hemphill proposition a fair basis of compromise and that it should be adopted as such."

These are but a few of the many intonances. Mr. Neal and Mr. Adair are quoted because they are south side men and because they openly opposed the first proposition—that for the purchase of the park grounds.

It All Depends.

Today's meeting should decide the question. It looks now as if the crisis has been reached and as if something must be done today or the exposition dropped.

And, of course, everybody agrees on this: Atlanta cannot afford to drop the exposition.

RICH MR. ROUSS.

Patrolman Powell Furnishes Some Interesting Points About Him.

Charles Broadway Rouss is one of the striking characters of New York. He is worth four millions of dollars and is notable by reason of the fact that he went to New York penniless after the war.

He is a friend of Officer Rella Powell, of the police force, the two being fellow townsmen. Officer Powell writes the following paper about Mr. Rouss:

"Atlanta, Ga., March 7.—Editor Constitution: I noticed an article in this morning's paper concerning Mr. C. B. Rouss, the Broadway millionaire of New York. I happened to be a fellow townsman of Mr. Rouss in Winchester, Va., in the old days and as a boy used to play many times with him in his store; he a merchant and I a schoolboy. It is true, that after the collapse of the Confederate States, he came to this city and started in business and accumulated a fortune. He lives at 622 Fifth avenue, has an elegant mansion and lives in the best of style. He is a generous, whole-souled man and is worthy of every honor that has been conferred on him. Respectfully,"

"R. C. POWELL."

HIS FOURTH SENTENCE.

Jeff Rockmore Will Have to Face Death Again.

Jeff Rockmore, who has escaped the gallows three times, was sentenced for the fourth time last week by Judge Richard Clark. The execution will take place on the 29th of April.

Rockmore's escapes from execution, by the intervention of lawyers and unique circumstances, have made his case somewhat notable. He has probably reached the end of his rope now, and will have to pay the penalty.

Candid with Mr. Atkinson.

Waycross, Ga., March 7.—(Special.)—Hon. W. Y. Atkinson spoke a few hours in this city this morning. He left about noon for Leesburg, where he will speak tomorrow.

Mr. Atkinson received a warm welcome from his friends and admirers here. He was told that Ware county was for General Evans for governor. Mr. Atkinson replied that he hoped to bring Ware county into the Atkinson column before the campaign was over. While the sentiment of the people for General Evans, Mr. Atkinson has his admirers here.

Gold in the South.

From The St. Louis Republic. The mining craze seems to have struck some portions of Georgia and Alabama pretty hard. A score or more of new gold mines have been opened in these states within the last three or four months, and a good many old ones are being worked as they were never before.

George Huntington Clark predicts in The Manufacturers' Record that in the immediate future the gold fields of Georgia and Alabama will be worked as much as the development of southern iron did. The richest gold mines of that state are as yet untouched, he says.

Georgia's gold belt covers a strip of country from twenty to forty miles wide, and extending across the state from northeast to southwest, embracing about 7,000 square miles. It runs into Alabama and spreads out over some 3,500 square miles more in that state. Georgia's mines have so far produced over \$16,000,000 worth of gold and silver, or more than those of any other southern state except North Carolina.

The Good Gibbs, of Texas.

From The Galveston Daily News. Governor Hogg wiped a fly off his bald head and said: "Whistle, have you seen Gibbs lately?"

The reporter replied in the negative, and, turning to Mr. Croker, the governor said: "You ought to meet Gibbs. I believe I'll wire him to meet us. He's a regular dandy. He's half bald, and what little hair he has got sets up like the fur on a coon's back. Altogether he looks like a dago, and he's the smartest, wisest, and best fellow on earth. I love Gibbs from away back. When he's your friend he stands by you in seven languages."

General Harrison Kissed by a Man. From The Kansas City Times.

One of the members of the company of veterans climbed on the car platform, and in a loud voice exclaimed: "General, am the man who sodd your yard in Indianapolis." Then he kissed Harrison on the right cheek. This incident tickled the crowd until it roared, but the ex-president blushed.

THEY WON'T BUILD IT

Officials of the Atlanta and West Point Don't Favor It.

THE LINK TO THE OLD WATERWORKS

Passenger Rates Will Not Be Cut—A Joke on Captain Todd—Other Railroad News of Interest.

It now turns up that there is absolutely no certainty that the Atlanta and West Point railroad would build a "switch off" track to the old waterworks site in case the Cotton States and International exposition were carried there.

It has been freely told that the road had made its plans to build such a line and that it would certainly make the branch to get the business to and from the exposition, but it now transpires that such track was through the crown of somebody's hat.

A telegram was received in Atlanta yesterday by a private party from Colonel C. H. Phinizy, of Augusta, president of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company, which he plainly stated: "I have never made any sort of agreement to build the road in question. I have no power to make such an extension unless authorized by the board of directors of the railroad company."

I told Mayor Goodwin very well to do anything but to build the road, and instructed our engineer of the railroad to go out and make an estimate how the line would be built, as desired by those who favor the old waterworks as the proper site for the exposition.

But, unless it can be built cheaply I would not recommend it to the board of directors, and not even then to the board of directors, even if it was found, after all, that the road would pay the company. It would have to be taken before the board of directors, and, after a thorough discussion there, and adjustment, would have to come back to the engineering department and be shifted from paper to paper and the proper route finally settled upon.

The truth is," he said, "I don't think there would be much benefit to the company to build such a road as was proposed. It would have to be built very cheaply to make both ends meet."

"Certainly there is no particular movement now looking to the construction of such a road further than the mere sending out of an engineer to see at what cost the road could be run. We were anxious to know just what the cost would be and sent an engineer over the field to look up the route."

"Further than this there is no likelihood of the road being built, unless the directors of the company give their authority for such an undertaking, and they will not give their authority, I hardly think, unless the road is shown to be profitable. I don't put through to success at much less cost than I now think it can be done for."

Surely this gives poor promise of there being a link of rails from the main trunk line to the old waterworks, even if the exposition be carried there.

Passenger Rates Will Stand. The report has gone forth that the recent cut of rates by the Louisville and Nashville and the Georgia Railroad from the west will scatter demoralization to the passenger scale makers, and that the passenger rates for the south Atlantic states will be the lowest in the country.

There is no truth in such reports. The passenger rates, so far as is known, will stand. There is not the slightest chance in this regard between the railroad war that has been precipitated by the Louisville and Nashville and the Southern Passenger Association.

Nashville is still a member of the Southern Passenger Association and so far as is known will remain a member.

Again, it has been told around among railroad men that the rate war that has been agitating passenger schedule fixers west of the Mississippi will be taken up on this side of the river and that the Atlanta railroads soon are late into a general slashing of rates. This is also denied by authorities. As long as the Southern Passenger Association holds out there can be no such breaking of rates and it may be safely relied on that the passenger rates now in vogue throughout this region of country will hold good for some time to come.

The Fire Conquered.

Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—The fire in mine No. 2 at Blocton is now considered fully under control and the work of cleaning out the slopes is progressing. Work has again been commenced in No. 2, a connecting mine with a full force. In a week or two No. 2 will again be in operation and the 400 miners who were thrown out of employment on account of the fire will be put again on the payroll.

Personal and Social. Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—Mrs. Alvin Hillman, of Montgomery, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Harry Jones entertained the Wednesday Whist Club at her lovely home on the South Highlands this week.

Miss Lizette Sonell, of Columbia, Tenn., is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Hines. Miss Sonell has visited here before and is very popular with the sterner sex.

Miss Maggie Smith's many friends will be glad to hear that she has recovered from a severe spell of fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles O. Locke, of Eufrasia, have returned to Birmingham and will make it their future home. Mrs. Locke as Miss Pauline Caldwell, was one of the Magic City's most popular belles.

Alabama Soldiers. Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—It is said the Alabama state troops will go into brigade encampment next summer, most probably at or near Mobile. It appears that most of the companies favor the brigade encampment provided a different arrangement can be made for feeding the soldiers. At the last brigade encampment all were fed at once under an immense mess-shed and the hunger of many a gallant soldier was not appeased. It is suggested that to avoid this dissatisfaction the plan allowing each regiment to mess separately and look after its own "grub" supplies be adopted.

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The company has ordered out a large force of engineers, certain of whom will start from Tuscaloosa and the remainder from Columbus, and the survey will be completed as soon as practicable. It is also stated that a line between Tuscaloosa and Blocton, Ebb county, Alabama, will be built, which will give Birmingham another good line of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia.

HIS GOOD DEEDS SURVIVE HIM.

Samuel Noble's Townsmen Will Erect a Monument to Him.

Anniston, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—The committee of citizens having the matter in charge has contracted for the erection of a monument to the memory of the lamented Samuel Noble, Anniston's honored founder. The monument will consist of a base or pedestal ten feet high, surmounted by a statue of Mr. Noble six feet and six inches high. The former is to be of Alabama stone and the latter of Italian marble. The monument will be placed in a beautiful park in the center of Quintard avenue at the intersection of Eleventh street.

Mrs. C. A. Allday died yesterday at her

the people who live in the neighboring town to Atlanta and who do business in the city over their should elect Herbert a great deal for the general interests of Atlanta.

AN ALLEGED SCHEME.

Senators Morgan and Pugh Are Said to Be Intended Victims.

Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—The Peoples' Advocate claims to have unearthed a great political scheme, its prime object being to defeat Senators Morgan and Pugh and fill their places with Secretary Herbert and Congressman Oates, both strong administration men. Money was to be freely used and the administration was to be the helping hand. The combination, as The Advocate claimed to have it, was to work as follows: Judge Richardson, of Huntsville, was to withdraw from the race for governor and throw his strength to Oates, who was to be nominated by fair means or foul and counted in if necessary.

A majority of the legislature was to be counted in, who could be controlled by the administration. The scheme was to be carried out in the place of Morgan. After serving one term as governor Oates was to withdraw and throw his influence to Richardson, who was to be helped to defeat Pugh, Alabama's senator.

The Advocate claims that a prominent organized democrat explained the scheme. Commenting on it The Advocate says: "The withdrawal of Judge Richardson and the drop of The Huntsville Mercury to Oates in the last few days, looks as if a part of it were true at least. It now remains for the voters of Alabama to say whether or not these schemes will be allowed to relegate such men as Johnston, Morgan, Pugh, Denson and others to the rear in Alabama politics for no other sin than that of standing by the pledges they made the people."

The Advocate's sensation is given for what it is worth.

Solid Whisky at Campmeeting. Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—A Huntsville, Ala., preacher, Jack Newby was tried before Commissioner McCullough yesterday on a charge of retailing liquor without license and remanded to jail in default of a bond. Jack was a prominent church member of the Huntsville precinct. His church held a revival a few weeks ago and Jack operated the lunch counter on the outside. Knowing the failing of the deacons he served "apple jack" instead of champagne, lemonade.

One of the faithful proved traitor, however, and informed on Jack, who is now preparing to pay the penalty.

GIVEN FLATTERING CONSIDERATION

A Worthy Negro Missionary Graciously Received by the Whites.

Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—To have been present and witnessed the polite and kindly attention which was accorded W. H. Shepherd, the colored evangelist, by the large and cultured audience which assembled in the First Presbyterian church of aristocratic Tuscaloosa last Sunday night would have taken the wind out of the sails of some of the northern editors, who love to carp on the lack of consideration shown the negroes by the people of the southern states. Shepherd was the late Standard Y. L. Lapsley, the talented and self-sacrificing young minister, who went from Alabama as a minister two or three years ago to the Congo Free State.

The young preacher, who was greatly beloved in Alabama, succumbed to the intense heat and died of fever. Shepherd was with him in his illness and was exceedingly kind and attentive to the last. Hence, when the negro missionary came to Tuscaloosa, where Lapsley was educated and where he was well known and greatly loved, the good people invited him to address them. The church walls were filled with flowing with cultivated people, who, for an hour and a half listened intently while the negro preacher told them, in his quiet, unassuming manner, of his life among the heathen of Africa.

It was an unusual proceeding in Alabama for a negro to speak to a white congregation from its own pulpit, but it is stated that a man who heard Shepherd regrets having done so.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

home five miles north of this city and was buried at Jacksonville today. Her husband is a prominent Methodist minister and she was one of the most zealous and effective Christian workers in north Alabama. Her death is greatly mourned here where she was widely known and beloved.

The reported death of Mr. W. W. McNair, of Choccolocco valley, who was injured by being thrown from his buggy a few weeks since, was incorrect. Mr. McNair's injuries were painful and dangerous, but he is gradually recovering.

Oxford's municipal election will be held Monday, the 12th instant, and local politics in that peaceful little city is assuming a fevered hue. Three tickets are in the field headed by W. H. Griffin, the present mayor; ex-Mayor R. P. Thomson and C. T. Hilton, and while some of the candidates are resting quietly and trusting to providence their friends are hustling untiringly.

KILLED BY A CAR. A Newsboy Falls Under the Wheels on a Busy Street.

Birmingham, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—Late this afternoon, while the streets were swarming with people, Eugene Cook, a newsboy, was run over and crushed to death in front of the First National bank by an East Lake dummy.

The boy attempted to step from one car to another while the train was in motion, but fell between the trucks and was killed in a moment. Several hundred people, mostly ladies, witnessed the distressing accident. The boy's parents live in the western part of the city. The family came from Madison county several years ago.

MORE BURGLARS CAUGHT.

Prisoners in Gadsden Jail Mutiny and Break Things Up.

Gadsden, Ala., March 7.—(Special.)—On Sunday night a freight car in the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis yards was broken into and fourteen sacks of flour was stolen. The flour was consigned to S. W. Riddle & Co. Search warrants were procured and Chief Hughes and a posse searched several negro shanties and found the flour. Enough new clothing was found to start up a small clothing store. Stupen Chambers, a negro, was arrested, and the officers are after three others. This is the second gang of robbers broken up here in two months.

Riot in Jail.

The prisoners confined in the county jail have been indulging in a small-sized riot this week. They broke out the glass, defaced the walls and bent bars and locks, and had all the county officers at bay and demanded to enter their cells. Summers and Collins, white, and Jack Beeson and Slim Coats, colored, were the leaders. Yesterday Judge Disque called on Chief Hughes to quell the riot. He entered the cell and demanded the men to step out, and they sullenly obeyed. Summers, Coats and Beeson were sent to the mines right away. The damage done was considerable.

Personal and General.

The Spring City Glee Club, of Huntsville, a minstrel troupe composed of the best young men of that city, gave an excellent performance here Tuesday night at the

You Can Get

A START FOR NEXT SEASON, AND GOOD SERVICE FOR THE REMAINDER OF THIS,

If You Invest

\$7 OR \$8 IN SOME OF THOSE

SPLENDID \$12 AND \$15 SUITS

THAT WE ARE SELLING.

Plenty Cold

WEATHER YET. BETTER DON'T

BE CAUGHT NAPPING.

Henry L. Rosenfeld,

24 Whitehall corner Alabama.

Custom Tailoring.

Like the rush of a mighty torrent is the coming

and going of new Suitings and Trouserings here.

Good reasons why:

1---Varieties Were Never So Great.

2---Styles Were Never So Lovely.

3---Prices Were Never So Little.

And quantities are grandly generous—scarcely a

sort that is not exclusive. Nothing from last season—the whole harvest of Fabrics is as delightfully

fresh as a clover field just cut.

MR. A. SATZKY.

The entire city knows his ability and skill as a

cutter. He is now chief of our Custom Tailoring

department. Result: Orders left here insure you

fashion and fit such as only a true artist can combine. Have your measure taken today and the

Suit will be ready for Easter Sunday.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

E. PRICE'S

Clean Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Eiseman Bros.

WASHINGTON, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. BALTIMORE,

ONE FIVE AND E. SIX N. W. 15-17 WHITEHALL ST. FACTORY, 215 W. GERMANTOWN

ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING IN THE SOUTH

DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

No Branch House in the City.

GLIMPSES OF AMERICA.

SERIES NO. 1.

Cut three of these coupons from THE CONSTITUTION and bring them with five 2-cent stamps, or 10 cents, to THE CONSTITUTION and receive this beautiful book.

NOTE—Clip only the coupon of the portfolio desired. If you want Magic City do not clip coupon of America Photographed, or any one of the other two. Be sure to state in your order the number of portfolio wanted. THE CONSTITUTION.

Portfolio

—OF—

WORLD'S FAIR VIEWS

SERIES NO. 4.

The Magic City!

Cut three of these out and send or bring, with five 2-cent stamps, or 10 cents, to Art Department Constitution and you will receive this superb collection of World's Fair views.

AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED,

Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico.

SERIES NO. 3.

Cut three of these coupons from THE CONSTITUTION and bring or send them with five 2-cent stamps, or 10 cents, to THE CONSTITUTION and receive this beautiful book.

Portfolio

OF

Famous Paintings of the World

SERIES NO. 2.

Cut three of these out and bring or send with 10 cents (or five 2-cent stamps) to Art Department, Constitution, and you will receive this collection of famous masterpieces.

TAKES CHARGE TODAY

Judge A. A. Manning's Term of Office

Has Expired.

NOW COMES JUDGE PERKERSON.

He Takes Up the Office and Will Hold Court—Justice Manning Has Held the Office a Long Time.

"May it please your honor." That is the way that A. M. Perkinson will address Judge A. A. Manning this morning at 8 o'clock Judge A. A. Manning will retire from the office of justice of the peace and the duties of the office will be taken up by Judge Perkinson.

This gentleman takes charge according to the recommendation of the grand jury and has been duly installed.

For some years he filled the office of sheriff and deputy sheriff, and in that capacity did good work for Fulton county. Always attentive to his duty and thoroughly conversant with the law, he has gained the confidence of the people and the good will of all about him. Since then, Mr. Perkinson has been engaged in the railroad business.

Judge Manning, whose term expires today, has held the office of justice of the peace for eight years. During this long term of office he has served the people faithfully. Everybody knows his reputation for fair and square dealing. He goes out leaving behind a record for good services.

His honor, Judge Perkinson, will occupy the time being, the same court room used by Judge Manning. He was busy all yesterday fixing things in order preparatory to his advent to office and his chambers will be as cozy as any office in the city.

Judge Manning, too, will be found at his old stand for several weeks, as he has a good deal of old business on hand to close out and it will require some time to finish up.

MEETING OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Nothing Exceedingly Lively Was Done.

The Exposition, however, was discussed. All the members of the county commissioners were present yesterday morning, and business was transacted with an unusual rush. The feature of the meeting was the exhibition of the map of Fulton county which has been so long under way. The survey is said to be a splendid one, and at any rate the map is very handsome.

A petition to permanently improve the Power Springs road caused much discussion, during which it was incidentally brought to light that a horse had recently mired in it and had died before he could be taken out. The commissioners agreed to fix the road at once.

In the matter of the Williams mill road it was decided that it should continue in its old place as far as the main street, and then turn off at a right angle until it reaches the old road again. That portion of the road between the street crossing and the point where the old road intersected, will be closed as formerly attempted. The work was ordered done as soon as practicable.

Councilman Peters was present and when requested for the grading of main streets were handed in from the city council, he took occasion to make a few remarks upon the situation. He said that with the city was a question of one down one department for another; that either the paving department or the grading department had to be cut down; that since it seemed to be the policy of the county commissioners to pave all the roads leading into the city, that the city wanted to continue the paving inside the city limits. Therefore there should be a sort of reciprocity and the county should be asked to grade the roads.

Endorsed the Exposition. "In view of the great benefit that will result from the holding of an exposition in this city during the year 1894, be it resolved, That we earnestly urge upon the committee in charge of the same a speedy settlement of the preliminary questions which are now causing delay in the active work may commence as speedily as possible."

Resolved further, That this commission hereby pledges itself to render every assistance in its power toward making the said exposition a success.

Some time ago the county commissioners changed the name of the cemetery avenue to that of Nelsa avenue. Yesterday Commissioner Nelsa introduced a resolution to change the name again. This time he wanted the name changed back to Cemetery avenue. He stated that the heirs of the late C. C. Greene, deceased, wanted the name to stand in order that the honor conferred upon their ancestor might be retained.

The Tax Receiver Armistead asked that he be given a place to transact his business, since at present he was obliged to use a portion of the office belonging to the tax collector. Tax collector Stewart, who has both rooms for the large business he always has on hand, and the tax receiver found it impossible to make the proper use of such a small space. It was agreed that the Commissioner Collins that the old sheriff's office, now occupied by the official stenographer, might be utilized for the tax receiver's office. It was referred to the committee on public works and buildings, with power to act.

There were several reports of minor interest and a map of the county map was brought in. To the left of the map, in the upper corner appear the pictures of Commissioners Nelsa, Hunnicutt, Wilson, Garrett and Collier. Stowed aside the pictures appear the names of the present board, with C. A. Collier as chairman. Commissioner Hunnicutt rather disliked this and thought that he should be given the place of honor. It was finally decided to have the name of Commissioner Hunnicutt appear as chairman of the body that inaugurated the map movement, and let the names of the commissioners as that time also appear.

HE MUST WALK.

A Fine Bicycle Taken from Mr. Colquitt.

It comes hard, but hereafter Mr. Colquitt Carter, the genial clerk of the United States court, must make it home on foot. That is, unless he succeeds in finding his bicycle which was stolen Tuesday afternoon.

Everybody knows Mr. Carter's proclivities as a bicyclist. He always rides a good machine, and gracefully speeding down Peachtree, he is a familiar sight along that popular thoroughfare.

Along that popular thoroughfare, he is seen from present prospects he will pedal down the asphalt to no more, and from this on he must locomote either on board the trolley car or by way of the sidewalk. Mr. Carter usually strikes the custom house about 8 o'clock in the morning, after an exhilarating ride from home. Instead of carrying his wheel up to his office on the third floor it is his custom to leave it in the hall, entering the office on Tuesday afternoon he came down after a day's hard labor, but the machine had disappeared to show where it is.

Mr. Carter thinks that the bicycle was taken about 5 o'clock. It is the Victor make and made after the model of 1893. The matter will be put in the hands of the police.

DUMPING GROUND DAMAGE SUITS.

Disposal of the City Wrecks.

Just before the city strikes and the tallow factory were burned down, a number of the residents about the two places had filed suits against the city for damages.

The first suit was tried some time ago. Mr. Hamilton Douglas appearing as legal counsel for the plaintiff, and the jury found for the plaintiff as against the city. By consent the remainder of the cases, seventeen in number, were referred to Colonel Eugene M. Mitchell, as auditor. He filed his report yesterday and it was agreed to by all parties.

The following is the list of suits and the damages awarded:

Edward R. Elliott, \$500 and all court costs; John T. Akeridge, \$500 and all court costs; John Thomas Elliott, \$500 and all court costs; Edward R. Elliott, Jr., \$500 and all court costs; Lucy M. Oldfield, \$500 and all court costs; Rebecca A. Thomason, \$500 and all court costs; Charles W. Elliott, \$500 and all court costs; Mattie T. Elliott, \$500 and all court costs; John S. Connelly, \$500 and all court costs; E. R. Elliott, Sr., \$500 and all court costs; John M. Baird, \$500 and all court costs; Genet Barnard, \$500 and all court costs; M. F. Pickett, \$500 and all court costs; J. A. Courney, \$500 and all court costs; Lloyd Courney, \$500 and all court costs; H. K. Courney, \$500 and all court costs; H. F. Courney, \$500 and all court costs; Van Epps signed an order in accordance with the finding upon all parties agreeing to the report.

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DR. RIDLEY'S SPEECH.

It Was a Gem of Oratory and Has Elicited Much Commendation.

Many golden expressions have been provoked by the eloquent address of Dr. P. M. Ridley, of LaGrange, Ga., delivered before the graduating class of the Atlanta Medical college last Tuesday evening at the Grand.

In addition to its purity of diction and the grace of its delivery, it was a speech of most unusual power in its play of thought as well as the general scheme of its conception. He characterized the present as "the golden age of medical discovery" and eulogized the contributions of Jenner, Crawford, W. Lorr and other distinguished men of science, to the renown of the profession. He assured the members of the class that while a score of years ago, frequently attained, it was wretched about a lofty pinnacle, and the way to reach it was not through a primeval path of darkness. The true physician had need of the martyr's spirit in order to be equal to the test of his responsibility and his life should be one of consecration and of loyalty to his profession.

He paid a graceful and glowing tribute to Dr. Miller, the Nestor of the medical profession in Georgia, and the "Demosthenes of the Mountains" who had won an equal fame in the roles of statesmanship and oratory; whose stainless career was drawing to its close and whose mantle any young physician might do well to covet. He brought the members of the class to bend their bow at no unworthy object, but with lofty ideals in view, to exemplify all that was noble and grand in the profession.

After the speech was over Colonel N. J. Hammond, the chairman of the board of trustees, expressed his gratification in high terms and assured the young men that having known his father, he was not surprised at the ability which he inherited. This public testimonial was endorsed by the large assembly by a hearty demonstration. Dr. Ridley has every reason to be proud of the victory which his oratory has achieved.

TO HOLD A FAIR.

The Capital City Guards Arranging for a Benefit.

The Capital City Guards will hold a ladies' fair, beginning on the 19th of March. This company, under command of Captain E. W. Hewitt, is one of the finest military organizations in the state, and deserves the encouragement of the citizens of Atlanta.

The hall in which the fair is to be held has not yet been selected, but will be in a day or two. The following ladies have consented to act as patronesses of the fair: Mrs. Governor W. J. Northen, Mrs. Louie M. Gordon, Mrs. Colonel John S. Candler, Mrs. George M. Traylor, Mrs. J. K. Orley, Mrs. George S. May, Mrs. J. P. Adams, Mrs. D. H. Dougherty, Mrs. Rhode Hill, Mrs. Charles E. Sciple, Mrs. J. M. Moore, Mrs. Captain John A. Miller, Mrs. R. S. Barrett, Mrs. Joseph Hirsch, Mrs. Colonel John Milledge, Mrs. Colonel John Keely, Mrs. J. K. Orley, Mrs. T. L. Elieberg, Mrs. Sig. Montag, Mrs. Joseph N. Moody, Mrs. J. P. Kewey, Mrs. Colonel Park Woodward, Mrs. F. T. Ridge, Mrs. T. L. Harden, Mrs. William Dickson.

These ladies and such others as are willing to join in making the fair a success are requested to meet the fair committee at the Young Men's Christian Association parlors on Friday morning, March 9, 1894, at 11 a. m.

MR. A. P. TRIPPO DEAD.

The Well-Known Paint and Glass Man Passes Away at His Home.

Mr. A. P. Trippe died suddenly at his home near Edgewood yesterday afternoon. For ten days Mr. Trippe had been ill and had been detained at his home, but no one thought his illness even serious until a day or two ago when it was ascertained that he was quite low and that the exact nature of his illness was not known, but it was a general giving away of his constitution.

Mr. Trippe was for years a prominent figure in Atlanta's trade circles, and was a man universally respected and esteemed by all who came in contact with him. He came to Atlanta about eighteen years ago and did much to help the city along in its younger and harder days. He was a modest, unassuming, kind-hearted gentleman who made friends of all who came in contact with him. In business life he was honest, honorable and discrete and leaves behind him a comfortable home for his family. He was about fifty-five years of age and leaves a wife and four children.

Arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made but will be announced tomorrow. The remains will be laid to rest in Westview.

THE WILSON BILL TONIGHT.

The Industrial Council Will Convene Tonight and Discuss the Bill.

The Industrial Council will meet tonight in the hall on Alabama street and the evening will be an interesting one for those who are present.

An agreement already made, the council, after the regular work of the evening is over, will convert itself into a body which by the resolution adopted will be called the United States Senate. Then under the ruling of the president of the council, the Wilson bill will be taken up and discussed by the members of the council who will be addressed as senators. There are a number of good speakers in the Industrial Council, and some good talks may be expected by those who attend. In the membership are some of the best men in the city, too, and the evening all told will be a pleasant one.

Eruption of the Skin Cured.

Ed Venney, Brockville, Ontario, Canada, says:

I have used Brandt's Pills for the past fifteen years, and think them the best cathartic and anti-bilious remedy known. For some five years I suffered with an eruption of the skin that gave me great pain and annoyance. I tried different blood remedies, but, although gaining strength the itching was unrelieved. I finally concluded to take a thorough course of Brandt's Pills. I took six each night for four nights, then five, four, three, two, lessening each time by one, and then for one month took one every night, with the happy result that now my skin is perfectly clear and has been so ever since."

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Only \$35, Atlanta to San Francisco, Cal.

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Smith's Worm Oil is safe, sure and elegant.

Athens, Ga.—Sir: My child, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but without expelling any. Seeing Mr. Egan's certificate, I got a bottle of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many more that I did not count them. I feel that I owe you a testimonial. A. M. ADAMS.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Novels in the "Madison Square" Series, 25 cents, by the best authors. Sent by mail for 30 cents. JOHN DUNN & SONS, NEW YORK.

COMMON SENSE THIS.

Dr. J. Harvey Moore, the Oculist, Helps Those Who Help Him.

It is the desire of Dr. J. Harvey Moore, the oculist, to still further extend his reputation, and realizing that the general public will not accept the testimony of strangers, nor take the trouble to investigate the truthfulness of their statements, there is no way to accomplish this as quickly or surely as to effect cures in different localities. He has, therefore, adopted the following plan: For one week he will perform all surgical operations and treat all who call at his office, 202 and 204 Kiser building, for any diseased condition of the eyes or nervous system (that is curable) for one-half his usual price. Consultations will be free until further notice, but no letters will be answered unless accompanied with stamp. His hours are from 10 to 8 o'clock daily, except Sunday.

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F. J. STILSON,

JEWELER.

55 Whitehall St.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silver-ware, Etc., Etc. Reliable goods.

Fair dealings and bottom prices.

may 28-4m

A FAIR OFFER

Until March 10th We Offer

ALL WINTER SUITS,

OVERCOATS,

AND PANTS FOR CASH.

At Actual Cost.

We Are Close Buyers and Will

PROVE WHAT WE SAY

By Leaving Our Billbook Open for Inspection to Customers. We Are Prepared to Show You Advance Shipments of Novelties in Spring Suits.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

The Straightforward Outfitters.

3 Whitehall St.

2,000 BABIES

THE LARGEST GROUP OF BABIES IN THE WORLD IS NOW

BEING MADE BY C. W. MOTES, THE PHOTOGRAPHER.

I propose to make the largest group of children under three years old ever made by photography to be exhibited at the Convention of Photographers of America at St. Louis, Mo., next July.

Only 50c will be charged for each sitting

In order to induce parents to send me in this undertaking, I will give to each of the first five hundred children one fine Cabinet Photograph or negative and a sovereign copy of group. In addition, ten elegant, finely finished enlargements will be given as premiums to the ten prettiest children, to be awarded by a committee of competent judges. Make engagements at once and let the fun commence, and urge your friends to do likewise. I am never happier than when making pictures of the little ones and will endeavor to secure the happiest results and make this the largest, best and most artistic work ever produced.

C. W. Motes,

53 Whitehall Street.

These fine glasses for sale by—

R. J. Miller, Chattanooga, D. W. Curry, Rome.

Also in all leading towns South and West, and at

12 Whitehall St., Atlanta

A Fit Guaranteed.

A. K. HAWKES,

Manufacturing Optician.

Caution—These glasses are not peddled.

OPEN 'TILL MAY

HOTEL GORDOVA,

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

American plan, Rate \$2.50, 14 per day.

C. B. KNOTT, Manager.

NOTICE.

I will receive bids for furnishing summer uniforms for the Atlanta police force until 10 o'clock a. m., Thursday, 15th instant.

The uniforms are to be made of Middlesex cloth, indigo blue; weight of cloth for pants, eighteen ounces per yard, and for that of coats and vests fourteen ounces per yard.

The suits must be made and trimmed in the workmanlike style, with regulation buttons.

A. B. CONNOLLY,

Chief Police.

An Unusual Chance

To secure some of the best Offices in the EQUITABLE BUILDING at reduced rates,

can be offered acceptable tenants, by lessees consolidating space; also lot of surplus office furniture, including large safe, at your own price for cash.

Apply 643 Equitable.

Rose Bushes.

2 Years Old, - - \$2.50 per dozen.

Pansy Plants, - - - 50c per dozen.

PLANT NOW.

Fresh Cut Flowers

Decorative Palms.

THE C. A. DAHL CO.,

10 Marietta Street.

Winter and Spring!

Face to face—Winter and Spring? Its hard to tell which

way the cat'll jump. Funny selling we're doing these

days—some asking for light weights—some for the medium—others for the heavy. But you can't corner us.

We're fixed for any call. A large portion of the Spring

stock is in—yet they haven't pushed the winter weights in

the back-ground—there're still in reach. We haven't

stopped selling Ulsters—and we've begun on the light

weight Overcoats. Isn't our store a convenience?—a store

where you can buy just what you want—from the finest to

the cheapest—where you're not obliged to get along with

something else, but where you always obtain the very article

desired—where the goods are always as represented—and at invariably the lowest price.

How about a Spring Hat—or a Scarf anyway? We're

as ready for the boys as for you.

Geo. Muse Clothing Company

38 Whitehall.

TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY.

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STREET CAR MEN

Who Are to Assemble in Atlanta Next
October Are Being Provided For.

A MAGNIFICENT BUILDING TO GO UP

In Which There Will Be a Great Big Auditorium and a Large Arcade with a Great Amount of Floor Space.

The annual session of the American Street Railway Association, which is to be held in Atlanta next October, is now attracting the attention of the street railway men of the country.

President Joel Hurt, of the Atlanta Consolidated street railway, is receiving great piles of mail every day asking about the coming convention and the indications are that the convention in Atlanta will be more generally attended than any convention the association has ever had. Many of the letters to Mr. Hurt, and the majority of them, too, for that matter, are from manufacturers of supplies used in street railroad and other railroad work. All of these are asking about space in the building for exhibits and the indications are that exhibition of supplies will be more thorough, more extensive and more complete than ever before.

Mr. Hurt realizes the fact that the convention will be a large one and has already had drawn plans for the building, which is to go up soon at Piedmont park. The building will cost a large sum of money and will be one of the most complete of the kind the association has ever seen. It will have a large auditorium with a seating capacity of nearly 25,000, in which the members of the association will hold their meetings and discuss the matters pertaining to the association. Just outside of the auditorium will be one of the largest and handsomest arcades or promenades the south, which will accommodate large crowds. Then annexed will be the hall where the large and complete exhibition will take place. This hall will be the largest the association has ever seen and will be nearly 600 feet long by more than 100 feet wide. It will have over 40,000 square feet of floor space. In the very center of the immense hall will be one of the largest Corliss engines ever brought south, which will be used as a power for the displays.

Around the main building will be constructed tracks for street cars on exhibition and the man who visits the building and the grounds will have an opportunity of seeing every line of street railway work and transportation known to the world. Mr. Hurt is now pushing the matter right along and will begin erecting the new mammoth building within a few days. The association is composed of the best and most energetic men in the country. Few people have any idea of the amount of money invested in street railroads in this country and the men who are handling them are among the most progressive and energetic the world knows.

FUNERAL OF MR. McALLISTER.

It Occurred Yesterday Afternoon—The Interment Will Not Be Until May.

It was a pathetic scene enacted at the home of Mr. Charles McAllister, on Walker street, yesterday afternoon, when his friends gathered for the last time to view his pallid face and to pay their farewell respect to his memory.

All of his late associates were present and from their tearful faces it was evident that grief had been at work. They recalled his sunny disposition and the many hours which they had spent in his companionship, which would never again be realized except in the tenderness of recollection. The services were conducted by Rev. A. W. Knight, the pastor of St. Philip's parish, after the solemn manner of the Episcopal church, and as the tones of the recited funeral eulogium in the ears of the friends gathered in the room, there were few dry eyes in the assembly.

"Asleep in Jesus" was tenderly sung by the sister of the deceased, whose voice was full of sadness as she sang, and whose plaintive melody, as it swept the chords of every heart, caused many handkerchiefs to be lifted to the countenances of those who wept in tender sympathy.

The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. W. C. Henderson, Louis Saloshin, Frank Turner, Claude Painter, Henry Saloshin and Phil Green. After the funeral services were concluded the remains were carried back to the undertaking establishment.

They will remain at the undertaker's until next Saturday morning, at which time they will be taken to New York for the purpose of being interred at his old home in Buffalo. The burial will not occur, however, until May, as the ground is frozen and the casket will have to repose in the receiving vault until the ground has thawed.

HAS FILED AN ANSWER.

Mr. Jonathan Norcross Says That Mr. Chisolm Was Not Tenant of His.

In his answer to the suit for damages filed by Mr. Perry Chisolm, Mr. Jonathan Norcross says that Mr. Chisolm was not and never has been a tenant of his. That he knew that a corner of the building was occupied by a soda font or soda business, but he knew nothing of the property or parties in charge, and that if Mr. Chisolm rented from any one it must have been from Dr. Joe Jacobs.

He also answered that he did not know that the walls were unsafe, since they have stood for twenty-two years, their age being a guarantee that they were safe. Mr. Norcross attaches a disclaimer which embodies a portion of the answer. The answer was filed by Judge Hillier.

COURT CULLINGS.

Judge Lumpkin disposed of several matrimonial disagreements yesterday by cutting the Gordian knot. Total divorce was granted in the instance of Lolla Haralson against F. L. Haralson. Sallie Alexander secured a first verdict in her divorce suit against her husband, John T. Alexander. W. P. Anderson was given a first verdict against his wife, Mitte Anderson. Henry Harris was divorced from his wife, Laura Harris, by a second verdict. Arthur M. Gammage secured a total divorce from his wife, F. S. Gammage.

Several weeks ago Attorney Robert L. Johnson, a well-known young lawyer, was retained in the case of an intervention of Howell Cloud against Robert Lowry, receiver. An affidavit was tendered by the defense and it was not properly captioned. Judge Lumpkin has decided that Mr. Johnson was correct in his understanding of the law and says that it is the duty of the law must be first, as the party making the affidavit could not be found guilty of perjury if he swore falsely under such circumstances since he would have sworn in no judicial proceeding. Under this ruling there have been many number of invalid affidavits filed.

The veterans who are drawing pensions can go to Ordinary Calhoun's office on Monday and secure the necessary papers for the drawing of their pensions from the state authorities. There are a number of pensioners in Fulton county.

Judge Tanner has been busy the past week handling answers to various causes, but so admirably has he everything arranged that the least possible friction ensues in the handling of the papers, and such a thing as an error is nearly impossible.

NEW HOUSES ERECTED.

A Number of Improvements Going on in the City.

In spite of the general depression which has everywhere existed, during the last few months, a number of improvements have taken place in the city.

Along the sweep of the nine-mile circle several attractive homes have been erected, and those who have not been in that locality since last summer will be surprised to observe the remarkable transformation which has taken place in so short an interval.

In the neighborhood of Ponce de Leon Springs a number of beautiful suburban homes have been erected. A visit to the architects yesterday afternoon disclosed the fact that a number of homes will be erected in the city during the approaching spring. A lot of plans have already been drawn, while others are still under consideration.

As the warmer weather advances the places of interest on the outskirts of the city are beginning to assume a more inviting aspect and, with signs of renewed life thus apparent, are beginning to assert their old popularity. There were a number of visitors at Grant park, Ponce de Leon Springs and other places of interest yesterday afternoon.

In the heart of the city, the building which was commenced a few months ago by Mr. Kiser, has been completed and is now occupied. It is one of the most substantial buildings in the city. The Silvery building has also been completed and is a structure of rare ornamentation.

The clearing away of the Norcross corner is moving steadily ahead. From every point of view the prospect for the year is good. With the exposition, as a lever and a stimulating influence, there is no telling the amount of progress which will be developed during the year.

A Chance for Your Baby.
This being the season that is best for photographing babies and children, and desiring all the pictures of children I can get, I have concluded to offer my customers the following prizes to the three luckiest babies: The first prize will be a diamond ring, the second a five-dollar gold piece and the third a two-dollar gold piece. Every baby or child under five years of age having a sitting this spring will receive a number given by chance on the above prizes. This will give every child an equal chance. These pictures will be on exhibition at our own Cotton States and International exposition, Mrs. L. Condon, 23½ Whitehall st.
mar 8-tue

I consider "Smith's Worm Oil" the best worm medicine sold. It is infallible, never failing to bring the worms, and I always prescribe it in preference to anything else. It is a God-send to the public schools. **M. C. MARTIN, M. D.**

PERSONAL.
C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

ATTENTION.
Both of my stables not damaged by fire or water. I am now here at Nos. 33 and 35 S. Forsyth street, and am ready to furnish my customers with the finest of livery; also, ready for boarding horses, which I make a specialty.
W. O. JONES.
feb 20-1m.

Don't fool with indignation. Take Beecham's Pills.

In past years we have satisfied thousands of customers with these \$13.25 suits to order, and when we could not put nearly so good cloth into them as in this year of wonderfully low prices.

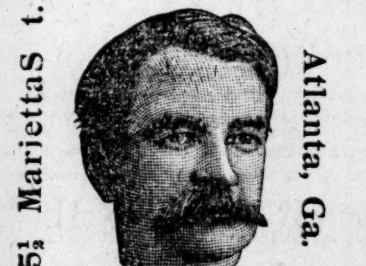
We know, therefore, that we can satisfy you. Isn't this

Sound Reasoning?



Plymouth Rock Pants Company
70 Whitehall Street.
feb 20-tues thur sat-top col nrm 5 or 8 pc

DR. W. W. BOWES
Atlanta, Ga.



SPECIALIST
CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN
—AND—
BLOOD DISEASES

In both sexes Consultation at the office free. Medicines sent by express in plain box anywhere. Diseases of the Liver and Digestive Organs, Impaired Vital Powers, Neuralgia, Impotency, Mental Debility and Wasting from various causes and excesses Nervous Prostration, Paralysis, Consumption, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Ulcerated Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Rheumatism, Bladder Diseases, Cystitis, Frequent Urinary Water, Varicose Hemorrhoids, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Female, Enlarged Prostate, Gonorrhea, Gleet. The troubles of young and middle-aged men properly treated. The best of references. Send stamp for question lists, map and female. Terms reasonable.

DR. W. W. BOWES,
15½ Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Chaney's Expectorant
Will cure your cough



After the Honeymoon.

Their honeymoon was over,
The timothy and clover
In all the summer fields was
turning brown.

'Twas morning, she sat sighing;
Bedewed with dismal crying
She puckered up her forehead
In a frown.

Floors sadly needed scrubbing,
Black kettles needed rubbing,
Her castles in the air had
toppled down.

When lo! a great magician transformed this sad condition,
For Gold Dust Washing Powder's wide renown
Induced this bride to buy it—as soon as she could try it
No happier home existed in the town.

Gold Dust Washing Powder
Sold everywhere. Cleans everything. Pleases everybody.
Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago,
St. Louis, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Montreal.

An Easy Way
to Make Money!

Yes, we mean what we say: All men must have clothes. We have a large stock of high-grade Clothing and furnishings, for men and boys, which we bought to save a debt. We can't use the Clothing, and must turn it into money. If you will come and select your Suit, we guarantee the price will be no obstacle to a trade. Now, argument is unnecessary, for money saved is money made. We don't give away goods, but come nearer it than any one we have ever known. Call, see for yourself, and be convinced.

This slaughter can't last many weeks, so come at once.

Neal Loan and
Banking Co.,

NO. 9 WHITEHALL ST.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER.

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

No. 106 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the March term, 1894, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in April, 1894, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of John Zachery, deceased, to-wit: Being two city lots numbers 77 Tannatt st. and 146 Markham st., in the city of Atlanta and land lot 84, in the fourteenth district of Fulton county, fronting fifty (50) feet, more or less, on the northeast side of Tannatt st. and extending back north-east along the lots of Carter and Heard one hundred and eighty-nine (189) feet, more or less, to Dover's alley or street; thence north-west nineteen (19) feet, more or less, to Markham street; thence west along the south side of Markham st. forty-four (44) feet, more or less, to William Smith's lot; thence south-west along the Smith lot one hundred and fifty-six (156) feet, more or less, to Tannatt st., the beginning point.

Sold for the purpose of paying the debts and making distribution among the heirs of said deceased. Terms, one-third cash, balance in six and twelve months.

M. E. LOFTON, Admr.
Mar 5 22 29 thur

Children cry for

Chaney's Expectorant

MEDICAL.

LADIES! Cheilometer English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable; take no other; send 4 cents in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At drugists. Cheilometer Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa.
april 16-1894 thur sat sun

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TWO BRIGHT, sunny rooms for rent, with or without board, 8 West Ellis st.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—15 acres of the best land in Fulton county, 2 1/2 miles from center of city, in shape to plant. Apply J. L. Throver, Atlanta, Ga. mar 6-tue thur sat

LOST.

LOST Black mahogany cane, oval silver watch, diamond star in pocket, 16 reward; no questions. 140 Marietta st. mar 3

LOST, on Tuesday afternoon, a diamond earring, wearer was on North Atlanta street, near the Grand opera house. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at store of M. & Smith, or 121 South Pryor st.

LOST—On Monday, a small Roman gold watch, diamond star in pocket, 16 reward; no questions. 140 Marietta st. mar 3

WANTED—Agents.
We will pay commission and salary or allow big commission. Samples easily carried, sent on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York city.
mar 8-tue thur sat

GENERAL AGENT, also canvassers, for big paying business in all cities; no charge for territory. 88 Walton st. mar 3

WANTED—Agent for city business. Address National Association, 57 S. Pryor st. mar 3

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc.
WANTED—To rent a new house of about 6 rooms in desirable location. Address, giving full particulars, R. room 42, Equitable building.
mar 7-3

EDUCATIONAL.
EGGS, EGGS—Brown Leghorn, Langshan and Light Brahma eggs of the finest strains. J. C. Bucher, 19 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
tues thur sat

POULTRY SUPPLIES—Ground bone, meal, ground oyster shells, drinking fountains, egg food (for laying hens), J. C. Bucher, 19 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
tues thur sat

THOROUGHbred CHICKENS—Brown Leghorn, Langshan and White Brahma eggs, all of the finest strains. J. C. Bucher, 19 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
tues thur sat

TUBEROSES—The finest lot of bulbs ever offered in this market and at less figures than such select bulbs have ever been offered. New Seed Store, 19 South Broad street.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Young, energetic man to act as agent in Atlanta; small capital required; ought to net \$150 per month. Address Nashville Creamery Co., Nashville, Tenn. mar 3

WANTED—Man who is a good machinist, that thoroughly understands keeping Corliss engine in order, and who is willing to accept his employer's whole time in keeping wood-working machinery in order. Must be strictly sober, reliable, and receive wages at which you will work. Brumby Chair Co., Marietta, Ga. mar 3

WANTED—A bit on small job of inside plastering and resoling; none but best workmen need apply. R. Alexander, Constitution office, mar 3

WANTED—Salesmen or agents. Good pay selling pants to order. Suits \$15. Hunter Tailoring Company, Cincinnati, O. dec 2-1

SALESMEN WANTED to sell our goods by samples to the wholesale and retail trade; sell on sight to every business man; liberal salary; money advanced for advertising and expenses; permanent position; address, J. H. Schuchman, Manufacturing Co., P. O. Box 116, Chicago, Ill. feb 6-42-tue, thur

MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER. Sixty employment, experience unnecessary, \$75 salary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, 840 Van Buren, Chicago. aug 13-2m

HELP WANTED—Female.
WANTED—Salesladies who have used the Sutherland Sisters hair preparations. Apply 65 Whitehall st. mar 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
I HAVE several years' experience in general merchandise and salesman on road; first-class local reference. C. J. C., this office.

WANTED—A position in a wholesale or retail grocery house; will do any kind of work that is required. I am out of employment; give good references and will work at moderate wages. I need work and am willing to do it. I am out of employment for no fault; was discharged from the police force at West End and when the city limits were extended to take West End in I lost my job. John D. Irby, address me corner of Lee and Nelms streets. I will call and see you and give the best of references. mar 2-7

FOR SALE—Machinery.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A 50-horse power boiler and engine, Frick & Co. make, and it is nearly new. Will take shingles or lumber in payment for same. Thompson & Farmer, Covington, Ga. mar 6-1m

"THE PIERPONT"—Mrs. T. M. Butler, proprietress; rates, \$1.50 per day. 232 Second street, Macon, Ga. feb 26-1m

FOR RENT—Cottages, Houses, Etc.
NEW ten-room cottage, all modern improvements, near in, on paved street, throughout; can be used for flats. P. H. Snook. mar 2

NEWLY FURNISHED front rooms, single or in suits; board within minute's walk; every convenience; central; very cheap. 178 S. Forsyth. mar 2

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
68 acres, 28 acres, 15 acres, 15 acres, 45 acres, 20 acres, 50 acres. At North Decatur; all suitable for subdivision; prices from \$25 to \$200 per acre. W. W. Goodrich, P. O. Box 374, Atlanta, Ga. feb 26-2w

MONEY TO LOAN.
MONEY TO LEND—On improved residence and business property in the city, at 8 per cent straight, interest payable semi-annually; for from two to five years. Absolutely no commission charged. W. T. Crenshaw, Cashier. mar 2

WE WILL BUY purchase money notes and any well secured note. Money here and no delay. Rambo & Jones, 615 Equitable Building. mar 6-1w

FOR LOANS on farms and city real estate come direct to Gate City bank building. W. P. & W. C. Davis, Attorneys.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street. jan 4-1y

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 32 Gould building.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS—Eastern money at 6 per cent on business property; small commission. \$22,000 eastern money, 7 per cent residence property. \$5,000 home money, 8 per cent residence property. \$10,000 on monthly plan. Short time notes bought. R. H. Jones, 43 Marietta street.

WANTED—Application for special loan of \$3,000; must be good property in the city; rate 7 per cent. M. A. Hale, 27 Decatur st. feb 12-1m

LOANS of any amount promptly made on central business property at 6 per cent. \$30,000 for choice residence loans at 7 per cent. Weyman & Connors, 511 Equitable building. mar 1-dtf

MONEY TO LOAN on improved city property. Good purchase money notes wanted. \$20,000 to loan, repayable monthly, all loans made promptly. T. F. Scott, Room 207 Equitable building.

WHO SAID MONEY IS TIGHT? Not so! If you need money call on the New Loan office, who will lend you the money for any length of time at a low rate of interest. All transactions strictly confidential. Henry H. Schaul, proprietor, 146 Decatur street.

MONEY TO LOAN—Short time loans made on approved paper. Also on diamonds, watches, silver plate and fine jewelry. All business confidential. Smith & Jones, brokers, 17½ Peachtree street. feb 12-2w

SHORT LOANS made on real estate without delay. Good notes bought. Moody & Brewster, 415 Equitable building. feb 14-1m

\$30,000 TO LOAN on real estate. Approved paper bought. E. P. McBurney, 51 Equitable building. feb 28-1m

MONEY TO LOAN—A few thousand to loan on real estate. The Merchants' Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co., 51 N. Pryor st. feb 12-1m

MONEY TO LOAN—Purchase money notes bought by the Trust Company of Georgia, Equitable building. jan 2-3m

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.
MELON SEED—Jones's Jumbo and Jones's Paragon are the leaders; all other leading brands; for prices address Lealand Seed Farm, Herndon, Ga.

FOR SALE or Exchange—Silver corner, 62 ft. in case. Address Box 100, Cordele, Ga. feb 12-1m

ELECTROPOISE for sale for \$10. Address E. care Constitution. feb 12-1m

THE LARGEST SUPPLY of typewriter supplies to be found in the city, and note dealer for the celebrated Densmore No. 4 China. G. M. Folger, 71 N. Pryor st. Y. M. C. A. building. feb 12-1m

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—We pay highest price for Chickens, eggs, butter, potatoes and all kinds of farm products. Empire Produce Company, Atlanta, Ga. mar 2

PERSONAL.
ACME SIGN WORKS—Cheapest sign works in the south. Latest metropolitan styles and designs. 96 Whitehall street. A. P. Paris, manager. feb 12-1m

REDUCE your funeral expenses 25 per cent. Simmons Bros., Undertakers, 127 Marietta st. feb 12-1m

MARRIED LADIES, for absolute safety and health use the Gem New Invention. Send 10 cents. Ladies Novelty Company, ap 1-1y

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty miles away. feb 12-1y

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., Jewelers, 57 Whitehall. jan 16-3m

BOOKS.
GAVAN SCHOOL BOOK CO. buys, sells and exchanges all kinds of school law, medical and miscellaneous books. Call, examine, all of the finest strains. Gavans School Book Co. feb 12-1m

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE. DEPART.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISIONS)

From Washington 3:30 pm To Charleston 4:30 pm
From Charleston 4:30 pm To Washington 5:30 pm
From Washington 6:30 pm To Charleston 7:30 pm
From Charleston 7:30 pm To Washington 8:30 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

From Savannah 4:45 am To Hapeville 5:45 am
From Hapeville 5:45 am To Savannah 6:45 am
From Savannah 6:45 am To Hapeville 7:45 am
From Hapeville 7:45 am To Savannah 8:45 am

Following Trains Sun. Following Trains Sat.

From Hapeville 10:40 am To Hapeville 11:40 am
From Hapeville 11:40 am To Hapeville 12:40 pm
From Hapeville 12:40 pm To Hapeville 1:40 pm
From Hapeville 1:40 pm To Hapeville 2:40 pm

From Hapeville 2:40 pm To Hapeville 3:40 pm
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